SLA101 – Одиннадцатый урок: Answer Key

Ø

Exercise 2 Represent the basic sounds in the following words:

1.	спасибо	$c\pi\{A\}c^{b}\{I\}\delta\{O\}$
2.	твой	тв{О}й
3.	твоя́	тв{О}й{А}
4.	живёт	$\mathcal{K}\{I\}B_{P}\{O\}L$
5.	понимает	$\pi\{O\}_{H^b}\{I\}_M\{A\}\breve{\mu}\{O\}_T$
	(same verb ending as in 4)	
6.	большое	б{О}л⁵ш{О}й{Е}
7.	хоро́шее	$x{O}p{O}{{\color{blue} {U}}}{{\color{blue} {U}}}}$
/.	(same adj. ending as in 6)	
8.	Люба	$\pi^{\scriptscriptstyle{b}}\{U\}б\{A\}$
9.	ПЬЮТ	п ^ь й{U}т
10.	Ива́н	$\{I\}_{B}\{A\}_{H}$
11.	окно	$\{O\}$ kh $\{O\}$
12.	зда́ние	3 д $\{A\}$ н $^{\mathtt{b}}\{I\}$ й $\{O\}$
	(same noun ending as in 11)	

Exercise 3 Answer the following questions.

1. What sound is represented by the third letter in the word ден■? Explain your answer.

You can't tell – it could be π or π^b , depending on the next letter (if any). If the next letter is a hard-indicating vowel (a, θ , θ , o, y) or another consonant, or \emptyset , then it's π . If the next letter is a soft-indicating vowel (θ , θ , θ , θ) or θ , then the basic sound is π^b .

2. What sound is represented by the third letter in the word M■¶? Explain your answer.

You can't tell – if the second letter is anything except a consonant – either a vowel or b/b, then π represents a $[\Breve{\mu}]$ sound in addition to the basic vowel $\{A\}$. (If π were the first letter in the word it would also represent a $[\Breve{\mu}]$ sound.) If the second letter is a consonant, then π represents $\{A\}$, in addition to indicating that the consonant is soft – but no $[\Breve{\mu}]$ sound.

Z

Exercise 4 Correct the violations of spelling rules (not all words have violations):

1.	гыта́ра	гита́ра	2.	жя́ба	ж а́ ба
3.	Éльцин	OK	4.	хоро́шый	хоро́ш и й
5.	Хрущёв	OK	6.	щы́т	ЩИТ
7.	дорогёй	дорог о́ й	8.	чю́до	ч ý до
9.	плохо́е	OK	10.	се́рдцэ	се́рдце

Exercise 5 Explain any 'misleading' spelling combinations (inherently hard consonants followed by a Soft-indicating vowel, or vice versa)

IH – inherently hard / IS – inherently soft / SI – soft indicating / HI – hard indicating

1.	шесть	IH ш + SI е	2.	чуда́к	IS + HI y
3.	хоро́шее	ІН ш + SI и	4.	жена́	IH $ + $ SI e
5.	большо́й	OK	6.	царь	OK
7.	Жо́ра	OK	8.	щади́ть	IS щ + HI а
9.	жир	ІН ж + SI и	10.	. плéчи	OK

Exercise 6 Translate into Russian (Before doing this exercise, you may want to look over the dialogues in lessons 1-11 to review fixed expressions):

- 1. + Hi, what's new? Don't ask.
 - + Привет, что слышно? Не спрашивай!
- 2. My younger sister is a lawyer. Her husband is a doctor.

Моя младшая сестра – адвокат. Её муж – врач.

- 3. + What's your name? My name is (appropriate response).
 - + Как вас (тебя́) зову́т? Меня́ зову́т Лю́ба / Ди́ма / Стёпа / Ната́ша.
- 4. Tea, please. This isn't tea, this is coffee. What did I say? I said 'tea'!

Чай, пожалуйста. Это не чай, это кофе. Что я сказал(а)? Я сказал(а) «чай»!

- 5. + Thank you. Don't mention it.
 - + Спасибо. Не за что.