

Диалог

"Are you bored?"

Грамматика

61.A The Dative of 'Experience'
61.Б Yet another unexpected Dative verb
61.В **Кому́ хо́чется** + Infinitive feel like doing something

61.Г **Всё равно́** not care 61.Д **То́же** and also; too

Диалог

Тебе́ скучно? Are you bored?

Валя:	1	Почему́ ты зева́ешь? Тебе́ ску́чно? Why are you yawing? Are you bored?	
Петя:	2 3 4	Нет, мне спать хо́чется . Я не мог спать всю ночь. Мне бы́ло очень жа́рко . Наш кондиционе́р слома́лся. No, I'm sleepy. (I feel like sleeping.) I couldn't sleep all night. I was really hot. Our air conditioner broke.	
Валя:	5 6 7 8	Я тебе сочу́вствую. Я то́же не могу́ спать, когда́ жа́рко. К сча́стью , по телеви́зору сказа́ли, что сего́дня ве́чером бу́дет прохла́дно , даже хо́лодно. Наде́юсь, что тебе́ бу́дет хоро́шо.	I sympathize with you. I can't sleep either when it's hot. Fortunately, (they) said on TV that it's going to be chilly tonight, even cold. I hope that you'll be OK.
Петя:	9 10 11	Спаси́бо. Мой сосе́д по ко́мнате иногда́ очень гро́мко храпи́т и меша́ет мне спать. Ему́ всё равно́, что я не сплю. Тhanks. My roommate sometimes snores really loudly, and keeps me from sleeping. He doesn care that I can't sleep.	
Валя:	12 13	Моя сосе́дка то́же иногда́ храпи́т и меша́ет всем спать. Каки́е наха́лы!	My roommate also snores sometimes and keeps everyone from sleeping. What jerks!

Словарь

1	зев а́й + // зев ну́ +	yawn
2	кому хочется + Infinitive	[Person] feels like doing something (See grammar)
3	жа́ркий	hot (This Adjective is used to describe the weather. You cannot use it with чай, ко́фе, etc.)
4	кондиционе́р	air conditioner
5	то́же	also, too; either (See 61.Д)
6	к счастью	fortunately (The Noun сча́стье happiness is in Dative following the Preposition κ .)
7	прохла́дный	cool; chilly
10	меш а́й + // по- + Dative (+Infinitive)	bother; prevent someone from doing something (See grammar)
10	кому всё равно	[Person] doesn't care; it doesn't make a difference to [Person]; [Person couldn't care less] (See grammar)
12	всем	Dative of sce

61.A The Dative of Experience: Мне скучно / хо́лодно / жа́рко

One of the most common uses of the Dative is with Short-Form Neuter Adjectives (which are identical to Adverbs) to indicate how a person feels (either physically or emotionally). Some examples:

Мне скучно. I'm bored. Тебе холодно? Are you **cold**?

Моему дедушке всегда жарко. My grandfather is always hot. Мне здесь хорошо́. I'm having a good time here.

Note:

Мне плохо. I don't feel well.

An infinitive can often follow the Adjective/Adverb:

Всем было интересно читать о Пушкине. It was interesting for everyone to read about

Pushkin.

Тебе́ не тру́дно откры́ть окно́? Would it be **difficult** for you to open the window?

(This functions as a polite request.)

In the Past and Future, as you would predict, a Neuter 3rd singular Verb is used (было or будет), since there is no Nominative subject with which to agree:

Я боюсь, что тебе будет скучно на вечеринке. I'm afraid that you will be bored at the party.

Мо́им родителям бы́ло очень интере́сно слу́шать о It was very interesting for my parents to hear about России. Russia.



Translate into Russian:

- 1. Are you bored?
- 3. Is it interesting for him to read about Russian history?
- 5. Is it difficult for you to speak Chinese?
- 7. Did you have a good time yesterday?

- 2. Everyone was hot at the concert.
- 4. I'm cold.
- 6. I'm afraid Nadya will be bored at the party.
- 8. Do you feel OK? (Do you feel not well?)

61.Б Another "Unexpected" Dative Verb: меша́й+ // по- bother

Another Verb that unpredictably governs the Dative is **Memáň**+ // **no-** bother; disturb. It can be used in two constructions:

1) bother someone (this meaning was not seen in the dialogue)

Ты мне меша́ешь! Разве ты не ви́дишь, что я

занимаюсь.

Она без конца нам мешает.

He **Memáň** Hatáme! (This is the Imperative, which we haven't seen yet. Hint of things to come – soon.)

You're bothering me! Can't you see that I'm

studying?

She bothers us constantly

Don't **bother** Natasha!

2) prevent/hinder someone from doing something (followed by Dative and Infinitive)

Коля **меша́ет** сестре́ смотре́ть телеви́зор. Kolya is **preventing** his sister from watching TV

(because he's bothering her)

He **меша́й** ей спать. Don't keep her from sleeping. (Let her sleep.)

61.В Кому хочется + Infinitive [Person] feels like doing [Verb]

Instead of я хочу́ + [Infinitive], ты хо́чешь + [Infinitive]? Russians often use the construction мне хо́чется + [Infinitive], тебе не хо́чется + [Infinitive]?, etc., which correlate to I feel like [Verb-ing]; do you feel like [Verb-ing]? Note that the verb хо́чется remains in the 3rd Singular – there's no Nominative to agree with.

Mне спать **хо́чется**. *I'm sleepv. (I feel like sleeping.)*

Mне есть **хо́чется**. I feel like eating. (I could sure go for some food.)

Са́ше не **хо́чется** занима́ться. Sasha doesn't **feel like** studying.

Ham не **хо́чется** рабо́тать. We don't **feel like** working.

Мне не **хо́чется** ждать. *I don't feel like waiting.*

This verb does have a Perfective захоте+ (Мне захотéлось, Если тебé захо́чется...) and it's actually used quite a bit, but for now stick to the Present Tense, хо́чется.

61.Г Кому́ всё равно́ [Person] doesn't care

Yet another common expression with the Dative is кому́ всё равно́ [Person] doesn't care. Literally the expression means to [Person] (it's) all even / the same.

The phrase is similar to English in that it can express either: (1) equal satisfaction with two alternatives or; (2) indifference, apathy, lack of concern:

- Equal satisfaction (Not presented in the dialogue). Often a question word or phrase follows:
 - Какое вино ты хочешь, белое или красное?

What kind of wine do you want, white or red?

Мне всё равно́ (како́е).

I don't care (either one is fine with me).

- На какую выставку она хочешь пойти?

Which exhibit does she want to go to?

– Ей всё равно́ на каку́ю. (Must include Preposition!)

It makes no difference to her (to) which one.

• Lack of concern; Indifference. Often a clause follows:

Ему всё равно, что идёт дождь и у меня нет зонта.

He doesn't care that it's raining and I don't have an

umbrella.

Гале всё равно, что она мешает мне спать.

Galya doesn't care (couldn't care less) that she is

keeping me from sleeping.

− Катя, мне хо́лодно! − Мне всё равно́.

- Katya, I'm cold! - I don't care. (The heck with

you.)



Translate into Russian:

- 1. You are bothering me.
- 3. I don't feel well. I don't care.
- 5. Do you feel like eating?

- 2. I don't feel like studying.
- 4. Which book do you want? I don't care which.
- 6. Dima is preventing me from sleeping.

61.Г.1 More Than One Всё равно́

You may recall seeing всё равно́ in the last lesson: но всё равно́ они получа́ют хоро́шие отме́тки but they <u>still</u> get good grades. As you can see, this is a different use of всё равно́. Here всё равно́ means still; in any case; nevertheless. You cannot use a Dative "subject" here.

61.Д Tóжe *also; too*

• When also = то́же: New subject attached to old "sentence"

One of the most misused words in Russian is **Tóжe**, which is normally translated as *also*, *too*. You can only use **Tóжe** in a few specific contexts, the most common of which is to indicate that a second person/thing has the same characteristics/does the same action as the person/thing previously described. In other words, the only difference between a sentence with **Tóжe** and the original sentence (besides the word **Tóжe**) is the subject. (It doesn't matter whether it's a "real" subject in Nominative, or a Dative "subject" – just as long as everything else is the same in the new sentence.) The predicate (which is everything in the sentence except the subject) *must not change*. Simply paste on a new subject and add **Tóжe** following the subject.

It is much better to translate **Tóxe** with *too* because like **Tóxe**, *too* must follow the word or phrase it modifies:

Саша игра́ет в те́ннис. Я **то́же** игра́ю в те́ннис Sasha

Sasha plays tennis. I play tennis too.

Эта книга стоит десять рублей. И эта книга тоже стоит десять рублей.

This book costs 10 rubles. And this book costs 10

rubles too.

Some examples with a Dative "subject":

Саше жарко. Мне тоже жарко.

Sasha is hot. I'm hot too.

Диме сорок лет. Мне тоже сорок лет.

Dima is 40 years old. I'm forty too.

When the predicate is negated, **Tóxe** shows up as *not* ... either in English:

Маша не будет пить сегодня. Я тоже не буду пить.

Masha is not going to drink tonight. I'm not going to

drink either.

Наташе не нравится его галстук. Мне тоже не нравится его галстук.

Natasha doesn't like his tie. I don't like his tie either.

Repeating ourselves (for the fourth time), in order to use **τόжe**, the same action (condition) must be carried out by two different subjects.

61.Д.1 Don't Start a Sentence With То́же

То́же CANNOT (repeat **CANNOT**!!!) begin a sentence in Russian. (If every Russian teacher had a ruble for every time a student started saying: «Тоже, я купи́л...», we could all buy...one or two shares of some hot Internet stock.)

For sentences such as *Also, I was thinking...; Also, we bought...* Russians often don't bother with any special word. If any word is used, it's most often **u**.

И я купи́ла три больши́х ба́нки чёрной икры́. Also, I bought three large jars of black caviar.

(Next year we'll also see **k Tomý жe** furthermore; in addition.)

The correct use of **Tóke** and the translation of *also* is another farily tricky topic, which we have only touched on here. However, if you avoid beginning sentences with **Tóke**, and if you use it only to re-state the same predicate with a new subject, you'll have mastered by far the most important usage.



Translate what is not in parentheses into Russian:

- 1. (Dima likes ice cream.) I like ice cream too.
- 3. (Masha is 20 years old.). Misha is 20 years old too.
- 5. (I was yawning.) My dog was yawing too.
- 2. Also, I bought a new air conditioner.
- 4. (Masha liked the film.) Grisha liked the film too.
- 6. (I'm sleepy.) My husband is sleepy too.

Упражне́ние 1 Use the Dative of Experience in 4 sentences:

Упражне́ние 2 Fill in the blanks:

1. В (уои) был скучн на вечеринк ?

2. Mo_____ брáт____ трýдн___ выпить цéл_____ бутылк___ ру́сск_____ вóдк____.

3. Я ду́маю, что теб______ бу́д_____ жа́рк_____ на да́ч_____.

Упражнение 3 Translate:

1. Masha is bothering me. Sasha is bothering me too.

2. I like hot weather.

Домашнее задание

3. Why are you yawning? Are you sleepy too (*I'm sleepy – don't translate*)?

4. No one cares (=Everyone doesn't care) that he's bored.

5. What book do you want? I don't care which.